Exercise session 6

LMI approach to H_{∞} control.

Reading Assignment

[Dullerud & Paganini] Chapter 7

Exercises

E6.1 Consider the state-space system

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bw, \quad x(0) = x_0,$$

 $z = Cx,$

and suppose that $\left\| \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ \hline C & D \end{bmatrix} \right\|_{\infty} < 1$. Let X be the stabilizing solution of the Riccati equation

$$A^*X + XA + C^*C + XBB^*X = 0.$$

(a) Show that the trajectories of the system satisfy the identity

$$|z(t)|^{2} - |w(t)|^{2} = -|w(t) - B^{*}Xx(t)|^{2} - \frac{d}{dt}(x(t)^{*}Xx(t)).$$

(b) Show that

$$\sup_{w \in L_2[0,\infty)} \left(\|z\|^2 - \|w\|^2 \right) = x_0^* X x_0,$$

and find the signal w(t) which achieves that optimum.

- **E6.2** Show that in a *state feedback* H_{∞} synthesis problem (i.e. when y = x is the measurement), the controller can be taken to be static without any loss of performance.
- **E6.3** Connections to Riccati solutions for the H_{∞} problem. Let

$$\hat{G}(s) = egin{bmatrix} A & B_1 & B_2 \ \hline C_1 & 0 & D_{12} \ C_2 & D_{21} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

satisfy the normalization conditions

$$D_{12}^* \begin{bmatrix} C_1 & D_{12} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $D_{21} \begin{bmatrix} B_1^* & D_{21}^* \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$.

(a) Show that the H_{∞} synthesis is equivalent to the feasibility of the LMIs X > 0, Y > 0 and

$$\begin{bmatrix} A^*X + XA + C_1^*C_1 - C_2^*C_2 & XB_1 \\ B_1^*X & -I \end{bmatrix} < 0, \\ \begin{bmatrix} AY + YA^* + B_1B_1^* - B_2B_2^* & YC_1^* \\ C_1Y & -I \end{bmatrix} < 0, \\ \begin{bmatrix} X & I \\ I & Y \end{bmatrix} \ge 0.$$

(b) Now denote $P = Y^{-1}$, $Q = X^{-1}$. Convert the above conditions to the following:

$$egin{aligned} &A^*P+PA+C_1^*C_1+P(B_1B_1^*-B_2B_2^*)P<0,\ &AQ+QA^*+B_1B_1^*+Q(C_1^*C_1-C_2^*C_2)Q<0,\ &
ho(PQ)\leq 1. \end{aligned}$$

These are two *Riccati inequalities* plus a spectral radius coupling condition. Formally analogous conditions involving the corresponding Riccati *equations* can be obtained when the plant satisfies some additional technical assumptions. For details consult the references in [Dullerud & Paganini] Chapter 7.

Hand-In problems:

H6.1 Consider the plant

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 25 & 0.8 & -1 \\ -10 & 29 & 0.9 & -1 \\ \hline 10 & -25 & 0 & 1 \\ 13 & 25 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Apply [Dullerud & Paganini, Theorem 7.9] to verify if there exists a K such that the lower linear fractional transformation

$$||T_{zw}||_{\infty} = ||P_{11} + P_{12}K(I - P_{22}K)^{-1}P_{21}||_{\infty} < \gamma,$$

where $\gamma = 1$. If so, construct a K using the method described in [Dullerud & Paganini, Section 7.3].

H6.2 Repeat the problem above for $\gamma = 1.5$.